Environmental Protection Agency

Avenue, Louisville, Kentucky 40204, rather than to EPA's Region 4 office.

[54 FR 36311, Sept. 1, 1989, as amended at 74 FR 55143, Oct. 27, 2009]

§52.932 Rules and regulations.

- (a) The last sentence of section 3(1) of Kentucky regulation 401 KAR 3:050, which specifies that a new fossil fuel fired steam electric generator's allowable SO₂ emissions may be calculated by averaging SO₂ emissions from existing units of this type and from new ones, is disapproved since it contravenes subpart D of 40 CFR part 60, New Source Performance Standards.
- (b) Section 8(2)(a) of regulation 401 KAR 61:015 is disapproved in that it allows the Tennessee Valley Authority's Shawnee power plant until October 1, 1981, to achieve compliance with emissions limits which are not made more stringent by the 1979 Part D revisions, and which the source was previously required to meet by July 1, 1977.
- (c) Section 8(2)(d) of regulation 401 KAR 61:015 is disapproved in that it allows sources until December 31, 1982, to achieve compliance with emission limits which are not made more stringent by the 1979 Part D revisions, and which the sources were previously required to meet prior to 1979.

[41 FR 19106, May 10, 1976, as amended at 46 FR 40188, Aug. 7, 1981]

§52.933 Control Strategy: Sulfur oxides and particulate matter.

- (a) In a letter dated March 27, 1987, the Kentucky Department for Natural Resources and Environmental Protection certified that no emission limits in the State's plan are based on dispersion techniques not permitted by EPA's stack height rules. This certification does not apply to: Big Rivers-Green #1 & 2, Kentucky Utilities-Ghent #3 & 4, and Ashland Oil, Inc.-Catlettsburg.
- (b) Determination of Attainment. EPA has determined, as of March 9, 2011, that the Louisville, IN-KY $PM_{2.5}$ non-attainment area has attained the 1997 $PM_{2.5}$ NAAQS. These determinations, in accordance with 40 CFR 51.1004(c), suspend the requirements for this area to submit an attainment demonstration, associated reasonably available control

measures, reasonable further progress, contingency measures, and other plan elements related to attainment of the standards for as long as the area continues to meet the 1997 $PM_{2.5}$ NAAQS.

 $[54\ FR\ 23478,\ June\ 1,\ 1989,\ as\ amended\ at\ 76\ FR\ 12862,\ Mar.\ 9,\ 2011]$

§ 52.934 VOC rule deficiency correction.

- (a) Sections 1.02, 1.08, 6.12, 6.13, 6.16, 6.18, 6.19, 6.23, 6.29, 6.30, 6.31, 6.32, 6.33, $6.34,\ 6.35,\ 7.11,\ 7.12,\ 7.16,\ 7.18,\ 7.19,\ 7.23,$ 7.52, 7.56, 7.57, 7.58, 7.59, 7.60 and 7.61 of the Jefferson County portion of the Commonwealth of Kentucky SIP are being approved. The Commonwealth submitted these regulations to EPA for approval on February 12, 1992. These sections were intended to correct deficiencies cited in a letter calling for the Commonwealth to revise its SIP for ozone from Greer C. Tidwell, the EPA Regional Administrator, to Governor Wallace G. Wilkinson on May 26, 1988, and clarified in a letter from Winston A. Smith, Air, Pesticides & Toxics Management Division Director, to William C. Eddins, Director of the Commonwealth of Kentucky Division for Air Quality.
- (b) Sections 1.05, 1.06, 6.17, 6.36, 6.37, and 6.40 of the Jefferson County portion of the Commonwealth of Kentucky SIP are being approved. The Commonwealth submitted these regulations to EPA for approval on March 4, 1993. These sections were intended to correct deficiencies cited in a letter calling for the Commonwealth to revise its SIP for ozone from Greer C. Tidwell, the EPA Regional Administrator, to Governor Wallace G. Wilkinson on May 26, 1988, and clarified in a letter from Winston A. Smith, Air, Pesticides & Toxics Management Division Director, to William C. Eddins, Director of the Commonwealth of Kentucky Division for Air Quality.
- (c) Deficiencies in 1.12 Emissions Trading, however, have not been corrected. The above deficiencies must be corrected according to the letters mentioned above, the proposed post-1987 ozone policy (52 FR 45044), and other

§ 52.935

EPA guideline relating to the deficiencies before the SIP for ozone can be fully approved.

[59 FR 32352, June 23, 1994]

$\S52.935$ PM $_{10}$ State implementation plan development in group II areas.

On July 7, 1988, the State submitted a committal SIP for the cities of Ashland and Catlettsburg in Boyd County. The committal SIP contains all the requirements identified in the July 1, 1987, promulgation of the SIP requirements for PM_{10} at 52 FR 24681. The SIP commits the State to submit an emissions inventory, continue to monitor for PM_{10} , report data and to submit a full SIP if a violation of the PM_{10} National Ambient Air Quality Standards is detected.

[55 FR 4172, Feb. 7, 1990]

§ 52.936 Visibility protection.

- (a) The requirements of Section 169A of the Clean Air Act are not met because the plan does not include approvable procedures meeting the requirements of 40 CFR 51.307 (b) and (c) for protection of visibility in mandatory Class I Federal areas from sources in nonattainment areas.
- (b) Regulations for visibility monitoring and new source review. The provisions of §52.28 are hereby incorporated and made part of the applicable plan for the State of Kentucky.

[54 FR 36311, Sept. 1, 1989]

§ 52.937 Review of new sources and modifications.

- (a) Approval—EPA is approving the section 182(f) oxides of nitrogen (NO_X) reasonably available control technology (RACT) exemption request submitted by the Kentucky Department for Environmental Protection on August 16, 1994, for the Kentucky portion of the Huntington-Ashland ozone (O₃) moderate nonattainment area. This approval exempts this area from implementing NO_X RACT on major sources of NO_X. If a violation of the O₃ NAAQS occurs in the area, the exemption from the requirement of section 182(f) of the CAA in the applicable area shall not apply.
- (b) Approval—EPA is approving the section 182(f) oxides of nitrogen (NO_X)

reasonably available control technology (RACT) exemption for the Kentucky portion of the Cincinnati-Hamilton ozone (O_3) moderate nonattainment area. This approval exempts this area from implementing NO_X RACT on major sources of NO_X .

[60 FR 21717, May 3, 1995, as amended at 65 FR 37898, June 19, 2000]

§52.938 General conformity.

The General Conformity regulations were submitted on November 10, 1995, and adopted into the Kentucky State Implementation Plan (SIP). The Commonwealth of Kentucky incorporated by reference regulations 40 CFR part 51, subpart W—determining conformity of General Federal Actions to State or Federal Implementation Plans.

[63 FR 40046, July 27, 1998]

§ 52.939 Original identification of plan section.

- (a) This section identifies the original "Air Implementation Plan for the Commonwealth Kentucky" and all revisions submitted by Kentucky that were federally approved prior to March 1, 1999.
- (b) The plan was officially submitted on February 8, 1972, and was resubmitted on December 5, 1973.
- (c) The plan revisions listed below were submitted on the dates specified.
- (1) Clarifying comments on the plan submitted on March 6, 1972, by the Kentucky Air Pollution Control Office.
- (2) Chapters IV and V, Control Strategies, and Chapter VII, Emission Control Regulations, submitted on March 17, 1972, by the Kentucky Air Pollution Control Office.
- (3) Summary letter of Kentucky Air Pollution Control Commission and Regional Office meeting with attachments submitted May 3, 1972, by the Kentucky Air Pollution Control Office.
- (4) Letter requesting delegation of authority and offering justification for a two-year extension for attainment of the sulfur dioxide primary standard submitted on June 7, 1972, by the Governor.
- (5) Indirect source Regulation AP-11 and compliance schedules submitted on December 5, 1973, by the Governor.